AUDITOR'S REPORT

ON ACCOUNT OF

TARIL SWITCHGEAR PRIVATE LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON

31-03-2024



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
TARIL SWITCHGEAR PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **TARIL SWITCHGEAR PRIVATE LIMITED** ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as 'the financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2024, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.





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Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance, Business Responsibility report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting

Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





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Mandatory requirement of Audit trail

Management responsibility

Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (hereinafter referred as "the Account Rules") states that for the financial year commencing on or after the 1st day of April 2023, every company which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account alongwith the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The amendments require every company that uses an accounting software to use such software that has a feature of audit trail which cannot be disabled. The management has a responsibility for effective implementation of the requirements prescribed by account rules i.e., every company which uses an accounting software for maintaining its books of account, should use only such accounting software which has the following features.

- a. Records an audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made; and
- b. Ensuring that audit trail is not disabled.

Thus, the management is primarily responsible for ensuring selection of the appropriate accounting software for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations (including those related to retention of audit logs).

Section 143(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 provides various matters on which auditors are required to report in their auditor's report. Clause (j) of Section 143(3) states that auditor's report shall also state such other matters as may be prescribed. Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 specifies such other matters that are to be reported by the auditor.

Rule 11(g) casts responsibility on the auditor in terms of reporting on audit trail by makinga specific assertion in the audit report under the section 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements'.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:





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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we
 are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal
 financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's u
- se of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to

Continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



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Mahesh Lalwani & Co.

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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the director is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate report in "Annexure A"; our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we report that in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company has not disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.
 - (ii) The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or Indian accounting standard, for material foreseeable losses, if any on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - (iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - (iv) (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding,

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whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:

- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued (v) by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the order
- Rule 11(g) casts responsibility on the auditor in terms of reporting on audit trail by (l) making a specific assertion in the audit report are as under:
- Audit trail feature is configurable but it was not operated throughout the year. 1.
- 2. All the transactions recorded in the software are covered in the audit trail. 3.

The audit trail has been preserved as per statutory requirements for record.

For, Mahesh Lalwani & Co. (Chartered Accountants)

Mahesh R Lalwani

(Proprietor)

Membership No: 137925

Place: Ahmedabad Dated: 04/04/2024

UDIN: 24137925BKCFYN4145



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ANNEXURE - A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 2(f) under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date,

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of TARIL SWITCHGEAR PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by ICAI (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For, Mahesh Lalwani & Co. (Chartered Accountants)

Mahesh R Lalwani

(Proprietor)

Membership No: 137925

Place: Ahmedabad Dated: 04/04/2024

UDIN: 24137925BKCFYN4145

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Mahesh Lalwani & Co.

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ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements'

- (i) (a) i. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets;
 - ii. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible Asset
 - (b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all items of property, plant and equipment in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its property, plant and equipment. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties and/or of the Company, except:

Sr No	Total No of cases	Type Assets	of	Gross Block as at 31 st March , 2024 (Rs. in Lakhs)	Net Block as at 31st March 2024 (Rs. in Lakhs)	
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- (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Management has conducted physical verification of the inventories at reasonable intervals. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not material and have been appropriately dealt with in the books of accounts.
- (iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not advanced any loans to the parties covered under section 185 of the Act. The company

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has not given any loans and guarantees in respect of which provisions of section 186 of the Act have been complied with.

- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public as per the provisions of section 73, 74, 75 and 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- (v) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, duty of excise, duty of customs, Goods and Service Tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, duty of excise, duty of customs, Goods and Service Tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable were in arrears as at 31st March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the Company examined by us, the particulars of dues of Income Tax, Service Tax, Sales Tax, Customs Duty and Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess as at 31st March 2024 which have not been deposited on accounts of any disputes are as follows:

Name of the Statue	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Financial Year for which amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending

- (vii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (viii) (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to the bank. The company does not have dues to financial institution, government or debenture holders as at the balance sheet date.
 - (b)The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender
 - (c) The term loans obtained during the year by the company have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained.

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- (e) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies and hence the reporting requirements of paragraph 3(ix) (f) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ix) (a)In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- (x) (a) No material fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report
 - (c) As represented by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, reporting as per paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not required.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections in the financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- (xiii) (a) In our opinion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the company, in determining nature, timing and extent of our audit procedure.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, reporting as per paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not required.
- In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, hence reporting requirement of paragraph 3(xvi) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.





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- (xvi) The Company has incurred profit in the Financial Year and losses in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xvii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the company during the year.
- On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xix) There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the said Act. Further the company has not undertaken any ongoing project as a part of CSR Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable for the year.

For, Mahesh Lalwani & Co. (Chartered Accountants)

Mahesh R Lalwani (Proprietor)

Membership No: 137925

Place: Ahmedabad Dated: 04/04/2024

UDIN: 24137925BKCFYN4145

M. No. 137925 FRM - 131979W

[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024

(Rs in Lacs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2023
I. ASSETS			
(1) Non Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	15.64	32.48
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Others	3	0.24	0.24
(c) Other Non Current Assets	4	0.85	0.85
(2) Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	5	363.19	498.97
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade receivables	6	376.53	113.37
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	6.71	4.81
(c) Current tax Assets	8	5.11	2.06
(d) Other Current Assets	9	71.91	135.33
Total Assets		840.18	788.11
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	10	210.19	210.19
(b) Investment entirely equity in nature (c) Other Equity	11	(224 221	
Total Equity	11	(271.83)	(437.93
Liabilities		(61.64)	(227.74
(1) Non Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilites		-	-
(i) Borrowings	12	63.34	63.34
(ia) Lease liabilities		-	16.62
(b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)			0.96
(2) Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilites			
(i) Borrowings			
(ia) Lease liabilities		-	
(ii) Trade Payables			
(A) Total outstanding dues of small Enterprises and Micro Enterprises			
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than small enterprises and		-	
micro enterprises	13	750.61	927.57
(ii) Other financial Liabilities	14	0.95	0.93
(b) Other Current Liabilities	15	86.92	6.44
Total Equity and Liabilities		840.18	788.11

NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

SINGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AS PER IND AS

Notes attached there to form an integral part of Financial Statemnets This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our Report of even date.

M. No. 137925

FRN - 131979W

FOR, MAHESH LALWANI & CO

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Mahesh Rajkumar Lalwani (Proprietor)

Membership No.: 137925 Firm Reg. No.: 131979W

UDIN: 24137925BKCFYN4145 PLACE : AHMEDABAD DATE : 04/04/2024 1 - 30

FOR & Behalf of Board of Taril Switchgear Private Limited

[Satyen J. Mamtora]

Director [DIN 00139984] [Mehul Y Dave] Director

[DIN 08049203]

PLACE : AHMEDABAD DATE : 04/04/2024

[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Statement of Profit & Loss for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

(Rs in Lacs)

Sr. No		Note No.	For The Year Ended 31.03.2024	For The Year Ended 31.03.2023
1	Revenue from Operations	16	1,609.57	1,948.38
	Other Income	17	13.21	0.21
IV	Total Income (I +II) Expenses:		1,622.78	1,948.59
IV.	Cost of Materials Consumed	40	1	
	Changes in Inventories of Finished Foods, Work-in-Progress and Stock in Trade	18 19	855.17	1,377.34
	Employee Benefit Expenses	20	80.65	(13.45)
	Financial Costs	21	0.24	8.25 5.73
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	22	1.42	44.94
	Other Expenses	23	463.57	532.79
	Total Expenses (IV)		, 1,401.08	1,955.61
V	Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax (III- IV)		221.69	(7.02)
VI	Exceptional Items		-	
VII	Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (V + VI)		221,69	(7.02)
VIII	Tax expense:			(7.02)
	(1) Current tax		55.86	
	(2) Short \ (Excess)Provision of Taxation of Earlier Years		33.00	-
	(3) Deferred tax	24	(0.27)	0.59
ΙX	Profit/(Loss) from the year from continuing operations (VII-VIII)		166.10	(7.60)
Х	Profit/(Loss) from discontinuing operations		-	-
Xi	Tax expenses of Discontinued operations		_	
XII	Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued operations after Tax (X-XI)			
XIII	Profit/(Loss) for the period (IX+XII)		400.40	
XIV	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		166.10	(7.60)
AIV	(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(i) Re-measurement of the defined benefit plans			
	(ii) Gains from investments in equity instruments designated at fair value		-	•
	through other comprehensive income			
			_	-
	(b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			-
xv	Total Other Comprehensive Income for The Year		_	
xvi	Total Comprehensive Income for The Year (XIII+XIV)		166,10	(7.60)
xvii	Earning per Equity Share:	25	100.10	(7.00)
	(1) Basic	23	7.90	/0 OE)
	(2) Diluted		7.90	(8.05)
NOTE	S TO ACCOUNTS	1 - 29	7.30	(8.05)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AS PER IND AS

Notes attached there to form an integral part of Financial Statemnets

This is the Statement of Profit & Loss referred to in our Report of even date.

FOR, MAHESH LALWANI & CO

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Mahesh Rajkumar Lalwani (Proprietor)

Membership No.: 137925 Firm Reg. No.: 131979W

PLACE: AHMEDABAD DATE: 04/04/2024

M. No. 137925

1

FOR & Behalf of Board of Taril Switchgear Private Limited

[Satyen J. Mamtora]

[DIN 00139984]

[Mehul Y Dave]

Director [DIN 08049203]

PLACE: AHMEDABAD DATE: 04/04/2024

[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Balance Sheet as at 3.1st March, 2024

Note: 02 Fixed Assets

ASSETS 2 2 2 2 8 8 9 135.53 0.44 9.78 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	Particulars	Computer & Accessories	Plant & Mahicnaery	Right to use Assets	Electric Installation	Furniture	Total
ASSETS ASSETS ASSETS ASSETS BASED BASE STATES BASE							
15.: 15.: 15.: 15.: 15.: 2.25 8.09 135.53 0.44 9.78 15.: 15.: 15.: 15.: 15.: 15.: 15.: 15.:	(A) TANGIBLE ASSETS						
2.55 8.09 135.53 0.44 9.78 1.31 1.34 1.35 1.37 80 0.44 9.78 1.31 1.34 1.35 1.37 80 0.44 9.78 1.31 1.34 1.35 1.37 80 0.44 9.38 1.31 1.34 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35	Gross Block						
15.5	As at 01.04.2022	2.25	8.09	135.53	0.44	07.0	C L
tts ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.044 9.98 155 155 157.80 10.04 9.98 157.80 157	- Additions	1	0.30	75.6	† †	07.0	156.09
Herces 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.44 9.98 15.5: 15.5	- Disposals	•	,		1	0.21	2.77
Handle Earnings 1.174	Other Adjstments :					,	1
Fences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.44 9.98 151.81 137.80 0.44 9.98 151.81 137.80 0.44 9.98 151.81 151.	- Borrowing Costs	•	,	,			
15.5. trs ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.44 9.98 ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.04 9.98 ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.04 9.98 ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.02 0.48 ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.00 0.48 ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.00 0.48 ences 2.25 0.04 0.093 ence Earnings 2.26 0.04 0.093 ence Earnings 2.27 0.004 0.037 ence Earnings 2.25 0.004 0.033 ence Earnings 2.25 0.004 0.003 ence Earnings	- Exchage Differences	•	1	1		1 ,	
ts ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.44 9.98 1.74 0.04 0.34 78.87 0.04 9.98 1.74 0.04 0.34 1.22.39 0.05 1.41 1.78 0.04 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.40 0.41 0.41 0.42 0.43 1.44 1.57.80 0.04 0.05 1.41 0.44 0.45 0.45 0.48 0.49 0.49 0.41 0.41 0.41 0.44 0.45 0.44 0.45 0.44 0.45 0.45 0.48 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.40	As at 31.03.2023	2.25	8.39	137.80	0.44	0000	1 0
ts tr ts 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.44 9.98 1.74 0.34 78.87 0.02 0.48 0.04 0.40 0.40 43.52 0.04 0.03 1.78 0.74 122.39 0.06 1.41 0.04 0.04 0.40 0.40 (15.41) 0.03 0.43 7.85 0.00 0.04 0.33 1.14 137.80 0.03 0.00 0.33 1.14 137.80 0.03 0.00 0.33 1.15 0.00 0.33 0.35 1.15 0.00 0.33 0.35 1.17 0.00 0.00 0.30 1.18 0.00 0.30 0.30	- Additions				1	27.78	158.86
ts the tences beings	- Disposals						1
ts to total controls and the controls are the controls and the controls are the controls and the controls are the control are the controls are the controls are the controls are the controls are the control are the controls are the control are the c	Other Adjstments:					•	,
ences 2.25 8.39 137.80 0.44 9.98 1.74 0.34 78.87 0.02 0.48 ned Earnings 1.78 0.74 122.39 0.06 1.41 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.00 1.41 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 1.35 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 1.35	- Borrowing Costs	,	•	1			
ned Earnings 1.78 8.39 137.80 0.44 9.98 ned Earnings 1.78 0.34 78.87 0.02 0.48 ned Earnings 1.78 0.74 122.39 0.06 1.41 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 0.35 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35	- Exchage Differences	•		,		1	(#1)
ned Earnings 1.74 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.04 0.07 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.06 1.41 0.07 0.07 0.04	As at 31.03.2024	2.25	8.39	137.80	0.44	, 00	, 6
ned Earnings 1.74 0.04	Depreciation					3.30	128.80
ned Earnings 1.78 0.34 78.87 0.02 0.48 0.48 0.68 0.04 0.93 ned Earnings 1.78 0.04 0.74 122.39 0.06 1.41 1 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.04 0.09 1.41 1 ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 1 ned Earnings 1.83 7.25 0.00 0.37 8.57 1							
ned Earnings 1.78 0.04	As at 01.04.2022	1.74	0.34	78.87	200	0 40	L
ned Earnings 1.78 0.04 0.04 0.04 1.141 0.05 0.05 0.05 1.141 0.04 0.05 1.141 0.04 0.05 1.141 0.04 0.05 1.141 0.093 1.14 1.14 1.137.80 0.10 0.235 1.14 1.14 1.15.41 0.47 1.15.41 0.47 1.15.41 0.47 1.15.41 0.47 1.15.41 0.47 0.47 0.48 0.49 0.40 0.	- Additions	0.04	0.40	43.52	70:0	0.40	81.45
ned Earnings 1.78 0.04 0.04 0.04 (15.41) 0.05 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 1 1.04 137.80 0.10 0.37 8.57	- Disposals				t c	0.93	44.94
ned Earnings 1.78 0.04 0.04 (15.41) 1.83 1.14 0.06 1.41 0.09 0.09 1.154 137.80 0.10 2.35 1 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 1 1.14 137.80 0.154 1.154 137.80 0.10 0.	- Transfer to Retained Earnings						
ned Earnings 1.83 0.04 0.04 (15.41) 1.183 0.40 0.10 0.10 0.235 1 1.14 1.14 1.15.41 0.10	As at 31.03.2023	1.78	0.74	122.39	900	1 41	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 1 0.47 0.47 0.43 1.25 0.00 0.00 0.37 0.35	- Additions	0.04	0.40		200	71.7	120.39
ned Earnings 1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 1 1 1 137.80 0.10 2.35 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- Disposals	1	1	(15 41)	5	0.33	1.42
1.83 1.14 137.80 0.10 2.35 1 0.47 7.65 15.41 0.37 8.57 0.43 7.25 0.00 0.32 2.25	- Transfer to Retained Earnings			(T	,	i.	(15.41)
0.47 7.65 15.41 0.37 8.57 0.00 0.43 7.25 0.00 0.32 2.25	As at 31.03.2024	1.83	1.14	137.80	0.10	2.35	27.527
0.47 7.65 15.41 0.37 8.57 0.00 0.33 2.25 0.00	Net Block			Y			77:04
0.43 7.25 0.00 0.22	As at 31-03-2023	0.47	7.65	15.41	0.37	8 57	22.40
	As at 31.03.2024	0.43	7.25	00.00	0.22	200	32.48



[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March,2024

Note: 3 Other Financial Assets

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03.2023
Other Financial Assets		
Rent Deposit	0.24	0.24
Total (Amount in Rs.)	0.24	0.24

Note: 04 Other Non-Current Assets

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03.2023
Balance with Government Authorities	0.85	0.8
Total (Amount in Rs.)	0.85	0.8

Note: 05 Inventories (Valued at lower of Cost or Net Realizable Value)

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars Particulars	As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03,2023
Stock-in-trade		
Raw Material	224.99	280.12
Work in Progress	224.55	280.1
Finished Goods	138.21	210.00
Total (Amount in Rs.)	363.19	218.85
	303.13	432.43

Note: 06 Trade Receivable (Current)

	41	(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03.2023
a) Unsecured, Considered Good	376,53	113.37
Total (Amount in Rs.)	376.53	
	3/6.53	166.

Ageing Schedule as on 31/03/2024

Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payments	Undisputed trade receivables- considered good
Less than 6 Months	280.08
6Months -1Year	86.40
1-2 Years	10.05
2-3 Years	10.03
More than 3 Years	
Total	376.53
Ageing Schedule as on 31 /03 /2022	

Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payments	Undisputed trade receivables- considered good
Less than 6 Months	
6Months -1Year	
1-2 Years	103.66
2-3 Years	9.72
More than 3 Years	5.72
Total	112 27



[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]
Notes Forming Integral Part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March,2024

Note: 07 Cash & Cash Equivalent

			(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars		As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03.2023
Cash-in-Hand			
Cash on hand			
	Sub Total (A)	•	•
Balance with Banks			
- Canara Bank		6.71	4.81
	Sub Total (B)	6.71	13.15
Total (Amount in Rs.) (A)+(B)		6.71	13.15

Note: 08 Current Tax Assets

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03.2023
TDS Receivable	5.11	2.06
Total (Amount in Rs.)	5.11	2.06

Note: 09 Other Current Assets

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03.2023
Advance Recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be		
considered good:-		
Unsecured , considered Good		
Advance to Supplier	19.62	11.13
GST Credit Receivable	52.19	124.08
Other Current Asset	0.09	0.12
Total (Amount in Rs.)	71.91	135.33



[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024

Note: 11 Other Equity

(Rs.in Lacs) As at As at **Particulars** 31st March 31st March 2023 2024 (a) General Reserve As per last Financial Statement Add: Amount transferred from Statement Profit and (b) Surplus/(Deficit) in Statement of Profit and Loss Balance As per Last Financial Statement (437.93)(430.32)Profit for the year 166.10 (7.60)(271.83)(437.93)**Less: Appropriations** Interim Dividend (Incl. of Dividend Distribution Tax) Proposed Final Dividend (Incl. of Tax on Dividend) Transfer to Depreciation Fund Transfer to General Reserve Net surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss Total (Amount in Rs.) (271.83)(437.93)

Note: 12 Long term Borrowings

		(Rs. in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
From Inter compnay concerns and related parties		
(Unsecured)		
Loans from Directors , Inter Corporate Companies &		
Related Parties	63.34	63.34
Total (Amount in Rs.)	63.34	63.34

Total

The above amount includes
Unsecured Borrowings

 As at
 As at

 31st March 2024
 31st March 2023

 63.34
 63.34

 63.34
 63.34



[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March,2024

Note: 10 Share Capital

				(Rs. In lacs)
Particulars		As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023
AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL :				313t Walti 2023
100000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each				
Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (At the Beginning)	-			
Add:-Share Capital increased During the Year	_			
Total Authorised Capital at the End of the Year	220.00	220.00	220.00	220.00
(2200000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 /- each)				
		220.00		220.00
SSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL				
100000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up				
Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (At the Beginning)				
Add:-Share Capital issued During the Year	_		210.10	
Total Paid up Capital at the End of the Year	210.19	210.19	210.19	212.12
(2101900 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 /- each)	210.13	210.19		210.19
Total (Amount in Rs.)		210.19		210.19

Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of quity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend Proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of quity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the nummer of quity shares held by the shareholders.

Note: 10(a)	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting		
period		
At the Beginning of the Period	2,101,900	2,101,900
Issued during the period	-	2,101,500
Outstanding at the end of Period	2,101,900	2,101,900
Note : 10(b)	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Details of Numbers Share held by shareholders holding more than 5% the aggregate share	\$	
in the company	_	
liangsu Jingke Smart Electric Co. Ltd	840,760	840.760
Transformers & Rectifiers (India)Limited	1,261,140	1,261,140
Note : 10(c)	As at	As at
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Details of Shares alloted as fully paid up by way of Bonus Shares, Shares issued for		
consideration other than cash during Last five years Immediately Preceeding Reporting		
Since No such transaction has been made during the reporting period.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable



[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March,2024

Note: 13 Trade Payables (Current)

Particulars		As at 31st March 2024		(Rs. in Lacs) As at 31st March 2023
Trade Paybles : (Unsecured) a) Micro and Small Enterprise	_	2024		
b) Other than MSME	750.61	750.61	927.57	927.57
Total (Amount in Rs.)		750.61		927.57

Notes:-

(i) As no information was available with Company regarding Provision of interest Status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006, accordingly Company has not provided any amount of interest, being payable as required under the said Act.

Trade Payable Ageing as on 31/03/2024

Particulars	Outstand	ing for followin	g periods from due	(Rs in Lacs) date of payments
MSME	Less Than 1 Year		2-3 Years	More Than 3 Years
Others	750.61			
Disputed dues MSME				
Disputed dues- Others				

Trade Payable Ageing as on 31/03/2023

Particulars	Outstand	ing for following pe	riods from due date	(Rs in Lacs)
	Less Than 1 Year			
MSME		- a .cu.s	2-3 Teals	More Than 3 Years
Others	900.01	26.23		
Disputed dues MSME	300.01	20.23	1.33	
Disputed dues- Others				

Note: 14 Other Financial Liablities

				(Rs. in Lacs)
Particulars		As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023
Other Financial Liabilities		2024		
Salary & Wages			0.40	
Audit fees Payable			0.48	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.95		0.45	
Total /Amount to D. 1		0.95		0.71
Total (Amount in Rs.)		0.95		0.71

Note: 15 Other Current Liabilities

(Rs.	in	Lacs)
------	----	-------

			(Rs. in Lacs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023
Employee Related Provisions :-			
Professional Tax	-	0.00	
Provident Fund	_	0.03	
Death Relief Fund	-	-	0.04
TDS Payable	1.24		
Advance Received from customer			4.58
Outstanding expenses	13.92		1.17
Other Current liabilities	-		0.65
Total (Amount in Rs.)	71.75		
Total Prinoune III (2.)	86.92		6.44

Taril Switchgear Private Limited [Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited] Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2024

(A) Equity Share Capital

Amount
210.19
210.13
210.19
210.19
210.19

(B) Other Equity						(Rs in Lacs)
	-	R	eserves and Surplu	IS		
Particulars	Note No.	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Deemed capital contribution from holding company	FVOCI - equity investment	Total
Balance as at 31st March, 2022 Profit for the year Movement during the year			(430.32) (7.60)		•	(430.32) (7.60)
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of IT) Balance as at 31st March, 2023 Profit for the year			- (437.93)		*	- (437.93)
Movement during the year Other comprehensive income for the year (net of IT)			166.10		-	166.10
Balance as at 31st March, 2024		-	(271.83)		-	- (271.83)

Total Equity (A+B) as on 31st March,2024

(61.64)



[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2024

PARTICULARS	31.03.20	024	31.03.2023	
		Total		TOTAL
		(Rs. In Lacs)		(Rs. In Lacs)
(A) Cash Flow From Operating Activities				
Net profit before tax		221.69		(7.02
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation & Dep Rou Assets	1.42		44.94	
Finance Charges	0.03		4.08	
		1.45		49.01
Operating Profit before Working capital changes		223.15		42.00
Movements in Working Capital:				
Change in Invetories	135.78		(66.50)	
Change in Trade Receivables (Current)	(263.16)		53.01	
Change in Current tax asset	(3.04)		-	
Change in Other Current Assets	63.43		(30.06)	
Change in Trade Payables (Current)	(176.96)		37.86	
Change in Other Financial Liab	0.02		(39.70)	
Change in Other Liabilities	63.67	(180.27)	1.89	(43.51
Cash generated from operations		42.88		(1.52
Direct Taxes Paid		(57.77)		0.03
Net Cash from Operating Activities (A)		(14.89)		(1.49
(B) Cash flow from Investing activities				
Purchase of Fixed Assets	16.83		(2.77)	
Other Financial Assets			(20.7)	
Net cash from investing activities (B)		16.83		(2.77)
(C) Cash flow from financing activities				
Proceeds From Borrowing				
Finance Charges Paid	(0.02)			
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)	(0.03)	(2.22)	(4.08)	
Net increase in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(0.03)	<u> </u>	(4.08)
Cash &Cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		1.91		(8.34)
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the period		4.81		13.15
cash a cash equivalents at the end of the period		6.71		4.81

Components of Cash and cash equivalents:

Particulars	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
Balances with the banks	6.71	13.15
Total Cash and cash equivalents as restated	6.71	13.15

Notes to Cash Flow:-

- 1. All figures in bracket are outflow.
- 2. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Accounting Standard 3 on " Cash Flow Statement " issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

FOR, Mahesh Lalwani & Co
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Mahesh Rajkumar Lalwani (Proprietor)

Membership No. :137925 Firm Reg. No.: 131979W

PLACE: AHMEDABAD DATE: 04/04/2024 FOR & Behalf of Board of

Taril Switchgear Private Limited

[Saryen J. Mamtora]

Director

[Mehul Y Dave] Director

PLACE: AHMEDABAD DATE: 04/04/2024

Taril Switchgear Private Limited [Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Part of the Statement of Profit & Loss as at 31st March, 2024

Note: 16 Revenue from Operations

		(Rs. in Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ended on 31.03.2023
Revenue from Operations		
Sale of Products	4 000 57	
Services	1,609.57	1,948.38
		-
Total (Amount in Rs.)	1,609.57	4 000 04
	1,009.37	1,086.91

Note: 17 Other Income

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ended on 31.03.2023
Misc Amount Written off	10.10	
Interest on Income Tax Refund	10.10	0.06
Foreign Exchange gain/loss	3.11	0.15
Total (Amount in Rs.)		
Total (Fill total)	13.21	15.42

Note: 18 Cost of Raw Material Consumption

Particulars		For the year ended on 31.03.2024		(Rs. In Lacs) For the year ended on 31.03.2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year Add: Purchases of Raw Material	280.12		227.06	
	800.04		1430.40	
Less : Inventory at the end of the year	224.99	855.17	280.12	1,377.34
Total (Amount in Rs.)		855.17		1,377.34

Note: 19 Changes in Inventories of Finished Foods, Work-in-Progress and Stock in Trade

				(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars		For the year ended on 31.03.2024		For the year ended on 31.03,2023
Opening Stock				
Work in Progress	_		51.45	
Finished Goods	218.85	218.85	153.96	205.41
Less				
Closing Stock				
Work in progress				
Finished Goods	138.21	138.21	218.85	218.85
		80.65		(13.45

Note: 20 Employee Benefit Expenses

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ended on 31.03.2023
Salary, Bonus, Wages & Other Allowances Contribution to Provident Fund & Labour Welfare Fund Staff Welfare Expenses	0.24	8.25
Total (Amount inRs.)	0.24	8.2



Taril Switchgear Private Limited [Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Part of the Statement of Profit & Loss as at 31st March, 2024

Note :21 Financial Cost

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ended on 31.03.2023
Bank Charges		
Financial Charges ROU Account	0.03	0.14
Other Interest	-	4.08
Total (Amount in Rs.)		1.51
(0.03	6.00

Note: 22 Depreciation & Amortization

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ender
Depreciation		
Amortization of ROU	1.42	1.4
Total (Amount in Rs.)		43.5
	1.42	44.9

Note: 23 Other Administrative Expenses

		(Rs. In Lacs)	
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ende	
Audit Fees	0.50	0.5	
Labour Charges	0.50	0.5	
Frieght Charges (Inward)			
Service Charges	0.04	0.4	
Courier Expense	348.66	464.7	
Insurance Expenses	0.49	1.1	
Repair & Maintainance		0.4	
Transpotation Expenses	0.05	2.1	
Office Expenses	13.60	13.0	
Testing Charges	2.82	0.6	
Travelling Expenses	15.17	9.1	
Sales Commission	15.82	19.0	
Legal & Professional Fees	-1	14.80	
Penalty	6.86	4.27	
nterest on TDS	=		
Rent Expense	0.01	0.01	
Other Expense	48.00		
Total (Amount in Rs.)	11.55	2.20	
	463.57	532.79	



Taril Switchgear Private Limited [Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Part of the Statement of Profit & Loss as at 31st March,2024 Note : 23(a) Payment to Auditor

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ended on 31.03.2023
As Auditor		011 0210012023
Audit Fees	0.50	-
In other Capacity		
Taxation & Other Matters		
Total (Amount in Rs.)	0.50	_

Note : 24 Tax Expenses

(Rs. In Lacs)

		(NS. III Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ended on 31.03.2023
Current tax in relation to:		
Current Years		_
Earlier Years		_
Deferred Tax		
In respect of current year		0.79
Total income tax expense recognized in the current year		0.79

Note: 25 Earning Per Share

(Rs. In Lacs)

		(RS. III Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year ended on 31.03.2023
Profit after Taxation	166.10	(0.59)
Basic and Weighted number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year	2,101,900	2,101,900
Nominal Value of Share	10	10
Earning Per Share	7.90	(0.03)

Note: 26 Contingent Liabilties

(Rs. In Lacs)

	(No. III Laca)
As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03.2023
_	<u> </u>
	As At 31.03.2024



Taril Switchgear Private Limited [Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Part of the Statement of Profit & Loss as at 31st March, 2024

Note: 27 Leases

Particulars		(Rs. In Lacs)
As Lessee	As At 31.03.2024	As At 31.03.202
Depreciation on Right of Use Assets		
Interest expense on Lease liability obligation		
Total (Amount in Rs.)		
For the leases other than short term and low value lease, the seminary by		

For the leases other than short term and low value lease, the company has measured the lease as right of use assets with a corresponding lease liability obligation

${\it Note: 28\ Disclosures\ under\ Ind\ AS\ 115\ revenue\ from\ contracts\ with\ customers}$

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	For the year ended on 31.03.2024	For the year endea
Revenue from contracts with customers		0/1 02.00,2023
Revenue from sale of products		
Revenue from service income	1,609.57	
Total (Amount in Rs.)		
	1,609.57	

Total (Amount in Rs.)		
	1,609.57	
Note : 29 Transction with Related Parties		
Mr.Satyen J. Mamtora (Chariman and Director)		
Mr.Mehul Y. Dave (Director)		
Mr.Ramesh Birjdar (Director)		
Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited (Joint Venturer)		
Savas Engineering company Private Limited(Subsidiary of Joint Venturer)		
Taril Infrastructure Limited (Subsidiary of Joint Venturer)		
Transpares Limited		
Nature of Tranction		Rs. In Lacs)
(A) Volume of Transactions	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
(1) Rent Paid		
Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited		
(2) Purchase of Goods	48.00	56.64
Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited		
Savas Engineering company Private Limited	26.49	583.51
(3) Sale of Goods	- 1	0.67
Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited		
Taril Infrastructure Limited	1,331.75	1,827.48
(4) Services Received	1	-
Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited		
(5) Balance due from	346.50	548.43
Taril Infrastructure Limited		
(6) Balance due to paid- End of Year	-	-
Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited		
Savas Engineering company Private Limited	84.96	479.91
(7) Trade Advances Received	6.26	6.07
Transpares Limited	200	-
	300.00	



[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2024

	31.03.20	124	31.03.20	023
PARTICULARS		Total		TOTAL
		(Rs. In Lacs)		(Rs. In Lacs)
(A) Cash Flow From Operating Activities				
Net profit before tax		221.69		(7.02)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation & Dep Rou Assets	1.42		44.94	
Finance Charges	0.03		4.08	
		1.45		49.01
Operating Profit before Working capital changes		223.15		42.00
Movements in Working Capital:				
Change in Invetories	135.78		(66.50)	
Change in Trade Receivables (Current)	(263.16)		53.01	
Change in Current tax asset	(3.04)		-	
Change in Other Current Assets	63.43		(30.06)	
Change in Trade Payables (Current)	(176.96)		37.86	
Change in Other Financial Liab	0.02		(39.70)	
Change in Other Liabilities	63.67	(180.27)	1.89	(43.51)
Cash generated from operations		42.88		(1.52)
Direct Taxes Paid		(57.77)		0.03
Net Cash from Operating Activities (A)		(14.89)		(1.49)
(B) Cash flow from Investing activities				
Purchase of Fixed Assets	16.83		(2.77)	
Other Financial Assets	-		-	
Net cash from investing activities (B)		16.83		(2.77)
(C) Cash flow from financing activities				
Proceeds From Borrowing				
Finance Charges Paid	(0.03)		(4.08)	
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)		(0.03)		(4.08
Net increase in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)		1.91		(8.34
Cash &Cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		4.81		13.15
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the period		6.71		4.81

Components of Cash and cash equivalents:

Components of Cash and Cash offers		
Particulars	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
Balances with the banks	6.71	13.15
Total Cash and cash equivalents as restated	6.71	13.15

Notes to Cash Flow:-

- 1. All figures in bracket are outflow.
- 2. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Accounting Standard 3 on " Cash Flow Statement" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

FOR, Mahesh Lalwani & Co

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Mahesh Rajkumar Lalwani (Proprietor)

Membership No. :137925 Firm Reg. No.: 131979W

PLACE : AHMEDABAD DATE : 04/04/2024 FOR & Behalf of Board of Taril Switchgear Private Limited

[Satyen J. Mamtora]

Director

[Mehul Y Dave Director

PLACE : AHMEDABAD DATE : 04/04/2024

[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024

Note: 1 Significant Accounting Policies as per Ind AS

1 Corporate Information

Taril Switchgear Private Limited (formally known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited) is a Joint Venture Company of Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited and Jiangsu Jingke Smart Electric Company Limited, People's Republic of China. The Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 2013 and having its registered office at Survey No. 427 P/3-4, & 431 P/1-2, Sarkhej-Bavla Highway, Village: Moraiya, Taluka: Sanand, Dist. Ahmedabad - 382 213 Gujarat, INDIA. The Company incorpoated for purpose of starting the business of manufacturing and marketing of GIS/HGIS/TGIS systems.

2 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

2.1 Statement of Compliance

Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013

2.2 Basis of Measurement

The separate financial statements of the company are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), except Financial Instrument measured at fair value or amortized cost or present value as disclosed in accounting policy, asset held for sale measured at fair value less cost of sell, plan asset under defined benefit plan measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Operating cycle cannot be identified in normal course due to the special nature of the industry, the same has been assumed to have duration of 12 months. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in Ind As-1 Presentation of financial statements and Division II of Schedule III to the companies Act, 2013.

The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The preparation of financial statement in comfirmity with Indian Accounting Standards requires the management to make estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on date of financial statement and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual result and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialized. The Financial Statements have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All values are rounded off to the nearest two decimal lakhs, unless otherwise indicated.

3 Significant Accounting Policies

A Property, Plant and Equipment

i. Recognition and Measurement :-

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalised borrowing costs on qualifying asset, less accumulated depreciation, and accumulated impairment losses, if any, except freehold land which is carried at historical cost.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates including import duty and non refundable taxes, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labor, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Useful lives have been determined in accordance with Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset,

Assets in the course of construction are capitalised in the assets under construction account. At the point when an asset is operating at management's intended use, the cost of construction is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciation commences. Costs associated with the commissioning of an asset and any obligatory decommissioning costs are capitalised where the asset is available for use but incapable of operating at normal levels until a year of commissioning has been completed. Revenue generated from production during the trial period is capitalised.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

ii <u>Subsequent Expenditure :-</u>

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

iii Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciation on PPE commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method over useful life of PPE as stated in the schedule il to the Companies Act, 2013 and is generally recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate. Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes that its estimates of useful lives best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets.

Useful lives of each class of PPE as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 are as under:

Asset Description
Asset Suseful Life
(In Years)

Plant and Machinery
Furniture and Fixture
10

Computers

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

Contd...



B Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting year, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment iosses.

Intangible assets are derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount.

C Impairment

At the end of each reporting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Goodwill and intangible assets that do not have definite useful life are not amortised and are tested at least annually for impairment. If events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired, they are tested for impairment once again.

D <u>Inventories</u>

- a) Raw Materials, Process Stock and Finished Goods are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value.
- b) Cost of raw materials, stores and spares are determined on weighted average basis
- c) Cost for Finished Goods and Process Stock is determined taking material cost (Net of cenvat credit availed), labour and relevant appropriate

E Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts, volume rebates, outgoing sales taxes and other indirect taxes excluding excise duty.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. Excise Duty deducted from revenue (gross) is the amount that is included in the revenue (gross) and not the entire amount of liability arising during the year. The Comapny colletcs sales taxes, GST and Value Added Tax (VAT) on behalf of the Government and therfore these are not economic benefits flowing to the company. Revenue from sale does not include other recoveries, if any, such as insurance charges, transportation charges, etc.

Income from Services

The Compnay collects service tax, Goods and Service Tax on behalf of the Government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the company. Hence, Service tax & Goods and Service tax is excluded from revenue form Services. Revenues from maintenance contracts, if any, are recognised pro-rata over the period of the contracts as and when services are rendered.

Interest Income

Interest Income is recognised on a time proporation basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable rate of interest. Interest Income is inclded under the head "Other Income" in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Dividend income is recognised when the company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.

F Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity

G Foreign Currency Transaction

Trasactions in foreign currency are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the time the transactions are affected. The gain or loss due to exchange rates prevailing at the year end, if any, is taken into account. Exchange difference related to fixed assets are adjusted in cost of fixed assets. However, no foreign currency trasaction has been made during the period.

H Employee Benefits.

The contribution to the providend fund are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year when the contribution are due. Gratuity liabilities is determined on the basis of acturial valuation of each year end.

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within next 12 months, is treated as stort -term employee bebfit. The company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as aresult of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date. The company treates accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond 12 months, as long-term employee benefit fir

The company treates accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond 12 months, as long-term employee benefit fir measurement

Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Contd...



J Taxes on Income

Tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Current Tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with provision of Income Tax, 1961.

Currrent Tax ;-

Current Tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with provision of Income Tax, 1961.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except when it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year whenthe asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

K Leases

Ministry of Corporate Affairs("MCA") through companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Second Amendment Rules 2019, has notified Ind As 116 "Leases" which replaced the erstwhile lease standard, Ind AS 17 leases, and other interpretations. The company has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under Ind AS 17.

At the inception of contract, the company assess whether a contract contains lease. Lease is defined as contract that convey right to control the use of the an identifiable asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payment included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise Fixed payment, variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, amount expected to be payable under residual guarantee, the exercise price under purchase option that the company is reasonably certain to exercise and penalties for early termination of lease unless the company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases of real estate properties that have a lease term of 12 months. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease

Earning Per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit and loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

M Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation and other claims against the Company. Guarantees are also provided in the normal course of business. There are certain obligations which management has concluded, based on all available facts and circumstances, are not probable of payment or are very difficult to quantify reliably, and suchobligations are treated as contingent liabilities and disclosed in the notes but are not reflected as liabilities in the financial statements. Although there can be no assurance regarding the final outcome of the legalproceedings in which the Company involved, it is not expected that such contingencies will have amaterial effect on its

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Cash Flow Statements

Cash flows are reported using indirect method as set out in Ind AS -7 "Statement of Cash Flows", whereby profit / (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.



O Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss (FVTPL)) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Assets -Classification and Measurement

(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consists of balance with banks which are unrestricted for withdrwal and usage.

(ii) Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method if these financials assets are held within a business whole objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flow and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iv) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

(v) Impairment of Financial Assets

the company assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind As 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The company recognizes lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to lifetime expected losses, if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

(vi) Derecognition of Financial Assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

Financial Liabilities- Classification and Measurement

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or 'FVTPL' A Financial Liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading or it is a derivative (that does not meet hedge accounting requirements) or it is designated as such on initial recognition.



[Formerly Known as T&R Switchgear Private Limited]

Notes Forming Integral Part of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024

Note 30 : Other Disclosures

- 1 Estimated amount of contarcts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for Rs Nil (Previous Year Rs. Nil)
- 2 Managerial Remuneration : Rs.Nil (Previous year Rs. NIL)
- 3 Closing balances of debtors, creditors and Loans and advances are subject to confirmation.
- 4 Contingent Liabilities is provided Rs.NIL/- (Previous Year Rs. NIL)
- 5 Details of expenditure incurred on employes who were in receipt of remuneration at not less than Rs..2400000/per annum when employed for the part of the year Rs. NIL (Previous Year Rs..NIL)
- 6 Remittance made on account of dividend in Foreign Currency Rs. NIL (Previous Year Rs..NIL)

7 Liquidity Risk :-

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents including bank deposits and availability of funding The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment The following are the contractual maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities, based on contractual cash flows:

				(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	Due in 1 Year	1 Year - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	TOTAL
As at 31st March 2024				
Borrowings	63.34	-		63.34
Trade Payables		_	1	- 05.54
Other Financial Liabilities		-		
Total	63.34		T .	63.34
As at 31st March 2023				
Borrowings	63,34	-	-	63.34
Trade Payables	900.01	-		900.01
Other Financial Liabilities		_	_	500.01
Total	963.34		-	963.34

8 Credit Risk :-

The Company's customer profile include Government Companies and Industries. Accordingly, the Company's customer credit risk is moderate. The following are the contractual maturities of financial assets, based on contractual cash flows:

				(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	Upto 1 Year	1 Year - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	TOTAL
As at 31st March 2024				
Trade Receivable	-	10.05		10.05
Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
Total	-	10.05		10.05
As at 31st March 2023				20.03
Trade Receivable	<u>-</u>	113.37	_	113.37
Other Financial Assets	-	_	-	113.37
Total	-	113.37	-	113.37

9 Segment:-

The company's operations fall under single segment namely "Switchgears" taking into account the risk and return, the organization structure and the internal reporting systems. Company's significant revenue (90%) are derived from one entity.

Contd....



10 The Previous year's figures has been re grouped wherever necessary, to confirm to current year's classification. 11 Financial Ratios

Pariculan							2023	3032	
	Mumerator	Denominator	2023-24	2023-24	2022-23	2022-23	1014	1	200
				Denominat		Donomina	15	Consulty	2 change
						Tel location			
Current Ratio	(Numerator or	or	Numerator or	or			
Dobt Court Date	Total Current Assets	Total Current Liabilities	823.45	838 48	75/155	1	000		
Dent-Equity Ratio	Total Deht	i Line		01:000	CC+C/	524.93	0.98	0.83	-22%
		lotal Equity	63.34	- 61.64	79.96	27776	1 00	200	2000
						-	T.03	0.33	393%
Debt-Service Coverage Ratio	PBDIT	Debt Service	., ,,,						
Return on Faulty Ratio (%)	Describ for the	OCCUPATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	77.677	63.34	37.92	39.92	3.52	0.95	27710%
(0/) (10)	Profit for the period	Average Total Equity	221 69	175 51	7.02	00 200		200	0/1/7
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operation	٧		10.071	70.7	337.80	126%	-2%	6178%
Trade Receivable Batia	and an	Average Inventory	1,609.57	363.02	1,948,38	777 56	4.43	7 03	7010
THE THE PARTY WALL	Kevenue from operation	Average Trade Decairable	4 500 71				CLI	70.7	3/%
Trade Pavable Ratio	Tariffer Or 2000	Accided Itade Necelyable	1,609.57	244.95	1,948.38	139.88	6.57	13.93	23%
1 - 1	COC3 + Operating expense	Average Trade Payable	1.284.72	839.09	1 826 07	000 64	4 22		2000
ivet capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operation	Average Morking Contact	2000 0		70:0006	10000	1.53	70.7	24%
Net Profit Batio (92)		ANCIAGE WOLVING CADITAL	1,609.57	- 195.42	1,948.38	372.60	8.74	5 23	2500/
יבי בי ביור וימנוס (יש)	Profit for the period	Revenue from operation	166 10	4 500 51	-			2.4	6,0070
Return on Capital Employed (%)	Tida		100.10	1,009.57	7.60	1,948.38	10.32%	0.39%	-2546%
(a) pa (a)	101	Capital Employed	166.10	1 70	7.50	773 676	200 0000	$^{+}$	
				200	00.7	273.33	9//3.4% 2.78%		-351651%

* Due to repayment of Debt , Debt Equity ratio is improved significantly.

* Due to effective use of resources and increased in turnover and singnificant reduction in losses Debt service coverage, return on equity,net profit ratio,

Return on capital employed, Trade payable and Trade Receivable Ratios are improved.

12 Details of Benami Property Held

No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami transaction under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder

13 Wilful Defaulter

The company is not declared wilful defaulter (as defined in companies Act 2013) by any bank

or financial Institution or other lender.

14 Relationship with Struck off Companies

The company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

15 Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

No charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

16 Compliance with number of layers of companies

section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of

17 Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

The company does not have any Scheme(s) in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013



18 Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

(A) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind

to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(B) The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

19 Undisclosed income

The Company have not any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the

20 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

The provisions of section 135 of the companies act 2013 is not applicable to the company

Notes to Acccounts No. 1 to 30 Signed

(CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS) FOR, MAHESH LALWANI & CO

Mahesh Rajkumar Lalwani Membership No.: 137925

Firm Reg. No.: 131979W PLACE: AHMEDABAD

DATE: 04/04/2024

25 FRN - 131979W 25

Taril Switchgear Private Limited

FOR & on Behalf of Board of

[Satyen J. Mamtora] [DIN 00139984]

[DIN 08049203] [Mehul Y Dave]

> PLACE: AHMEDABAD DATE: 04/04/2024